

New Aspects of a Lid-Removal Mechanism in the Onset of an Eruption Sequence that Produced a Large Solar Energetic Particle (SEP) Event (+L5 Comment)

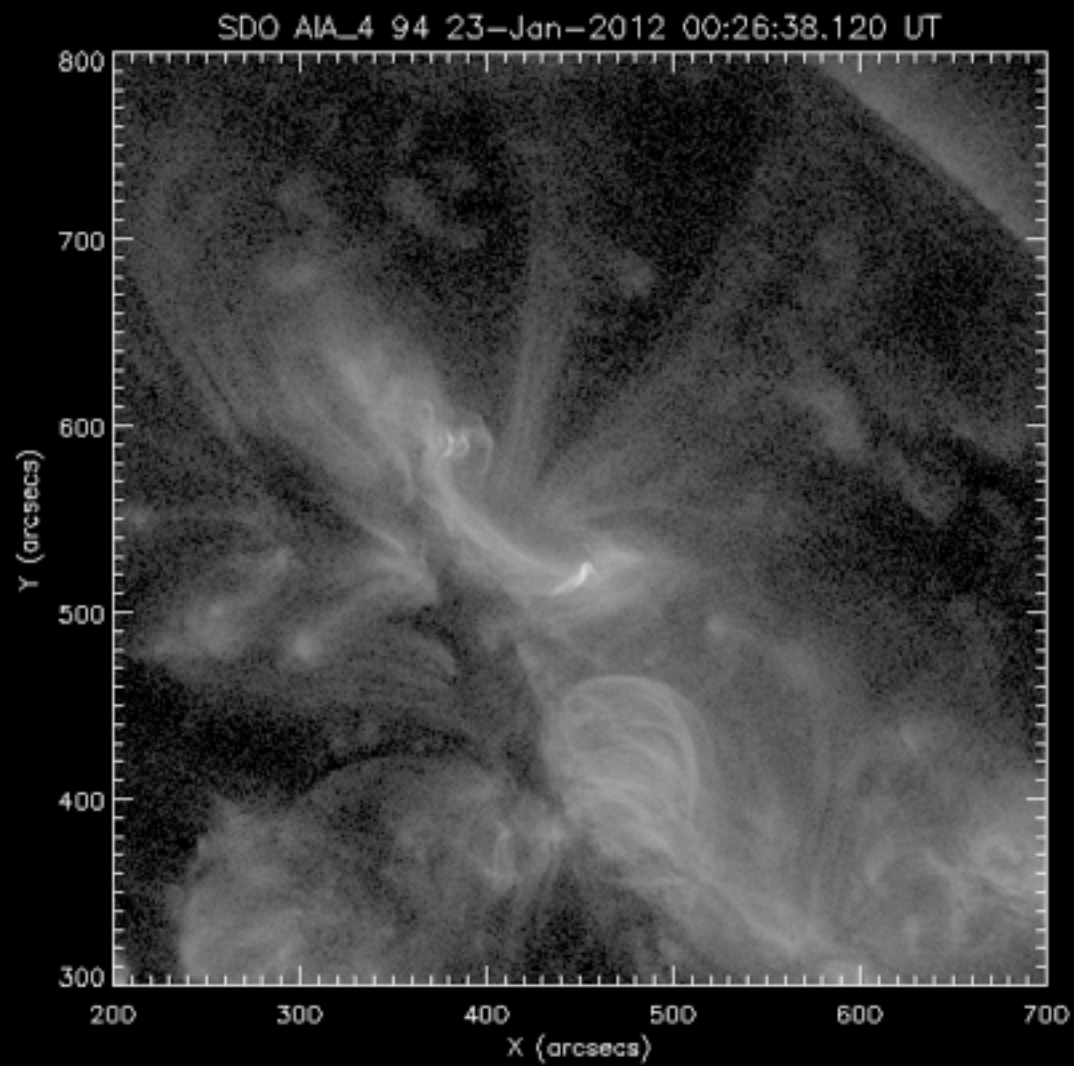
Alphonse C. Sterling (NASA/MSFC); Ronald L. Moore & David A. Falconer (MSFC, UAH); and Javon M. Knox (Norfolk State U)

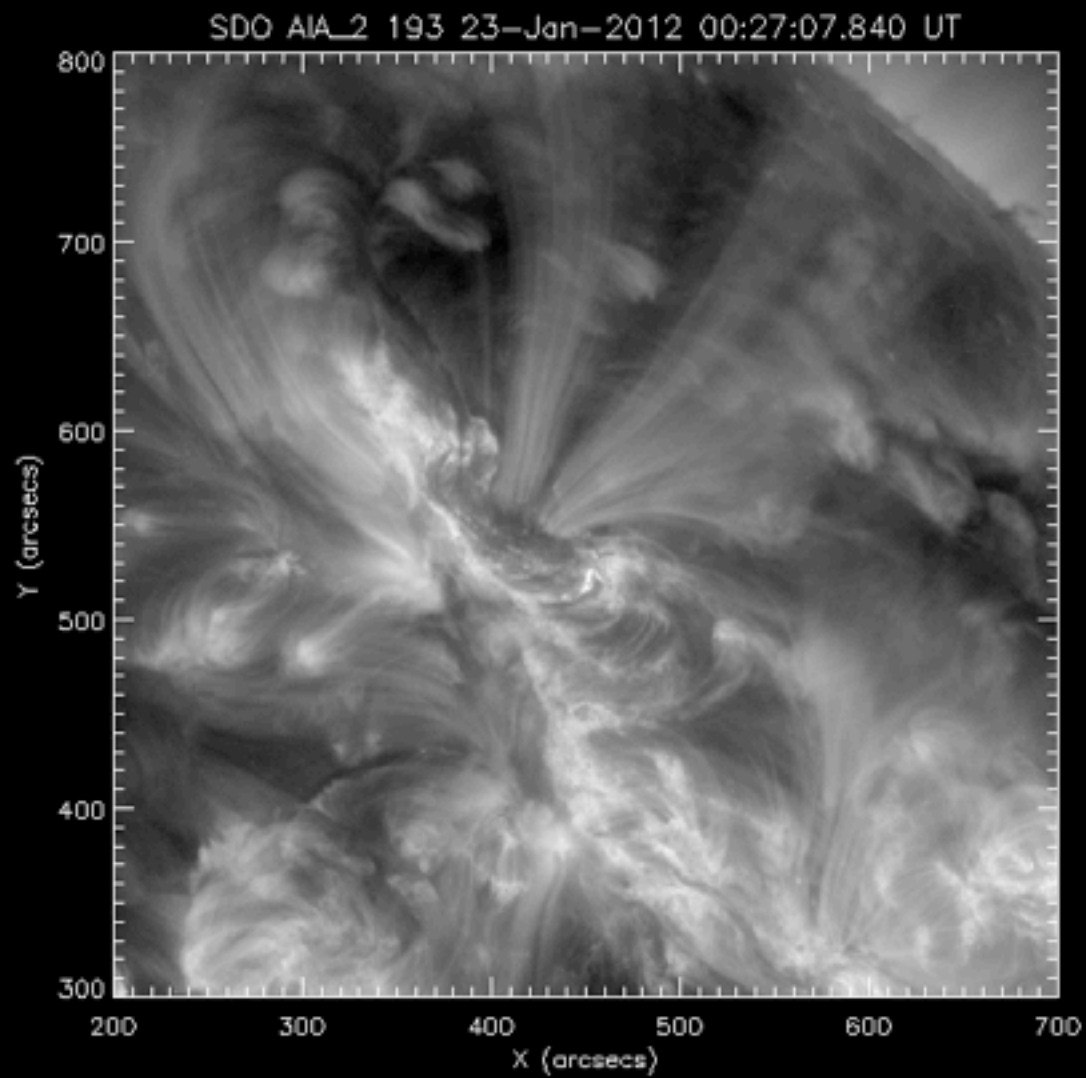
An Active Region Ejective Eruption

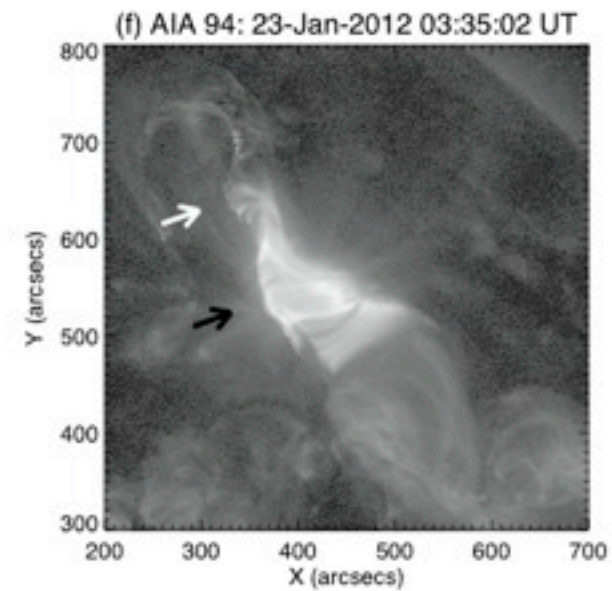
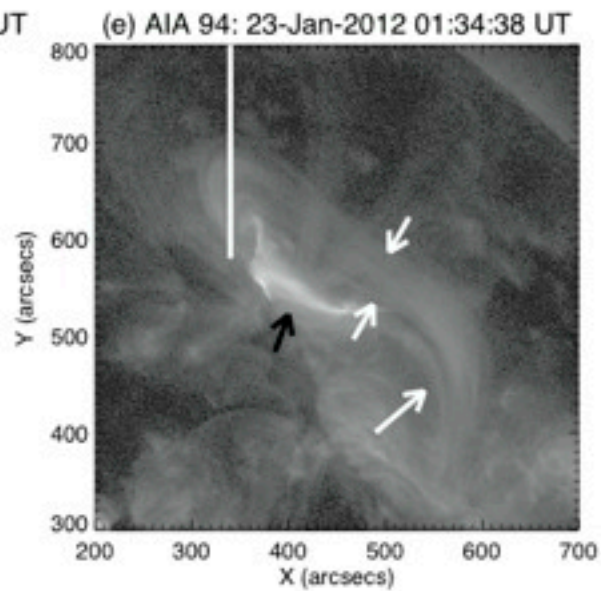
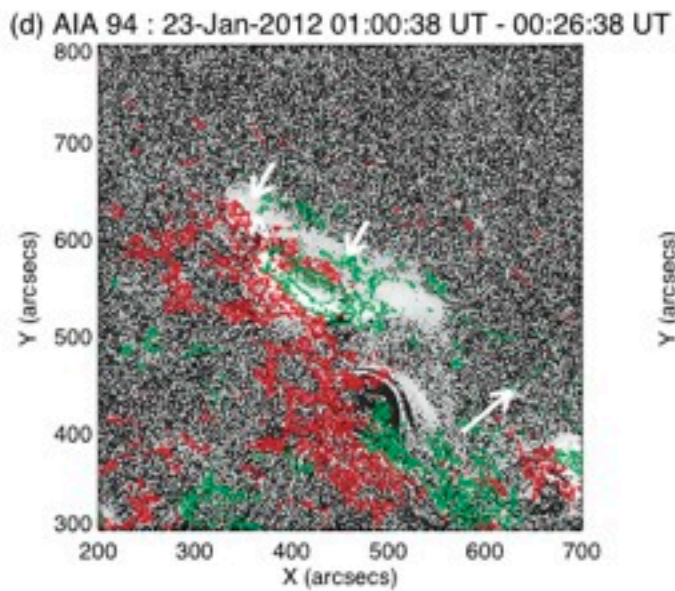
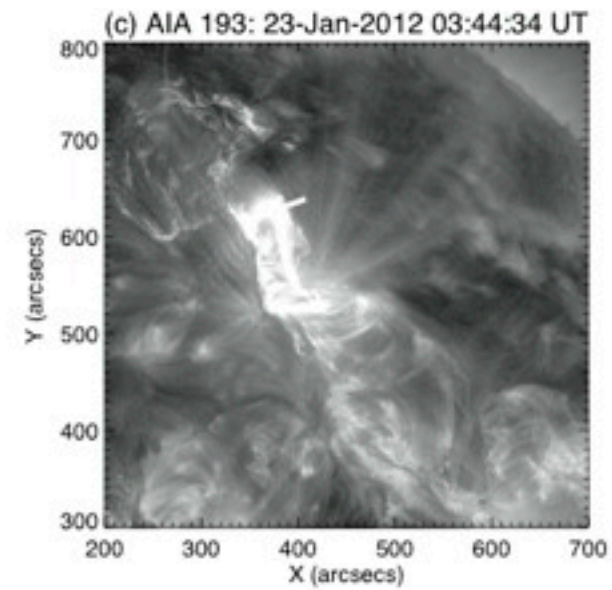
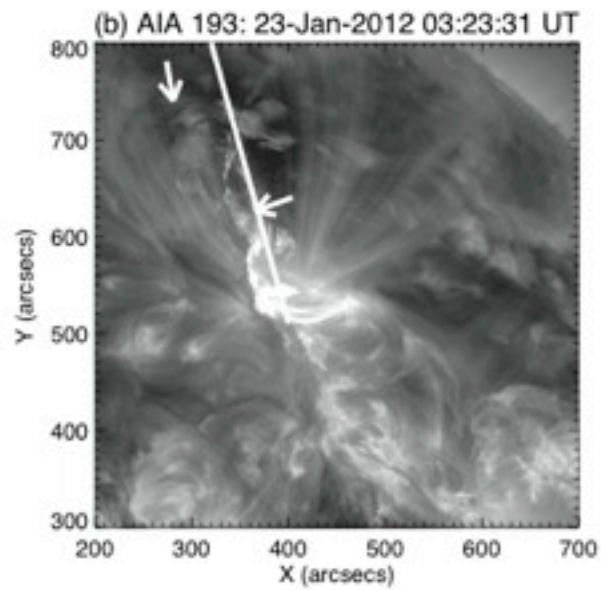
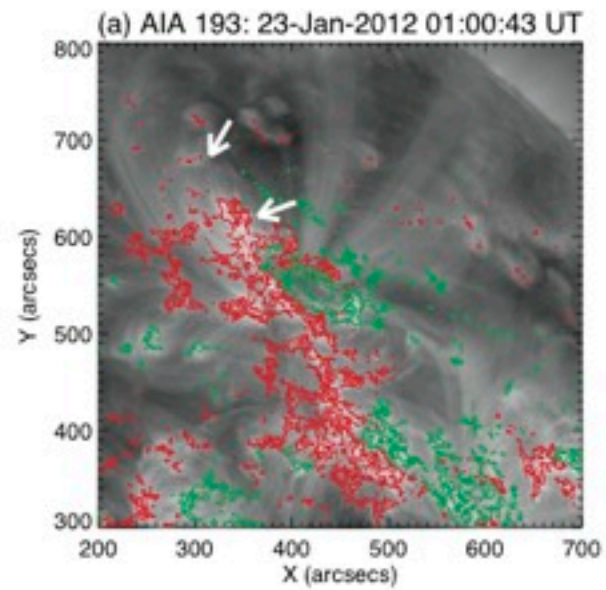
- ♦ Active region eruption of 2012 January 23.
- ♦ Ejective eruption.
- ♦ GOES class M8.7 flare.
- ♦ CME has “complexities.” Very fast: 2100 km/s.
- ♦ Results in strong Solar Energetic Particle (SEP) event. (1 MeV proton flux of $>10^3$ pfu for 43 hrs.)
- ♦ Only $\sim 1\%$ --- 2% of all CMEs generate SEPs, so this event is “special.”
- ♦ SEPs not the focus here. See Joshi et al. (2013). Also see Liu et al. (2013) for other interplanetary aspects.
- ♦ (“Lid removal” discussion to follow in a bit.)

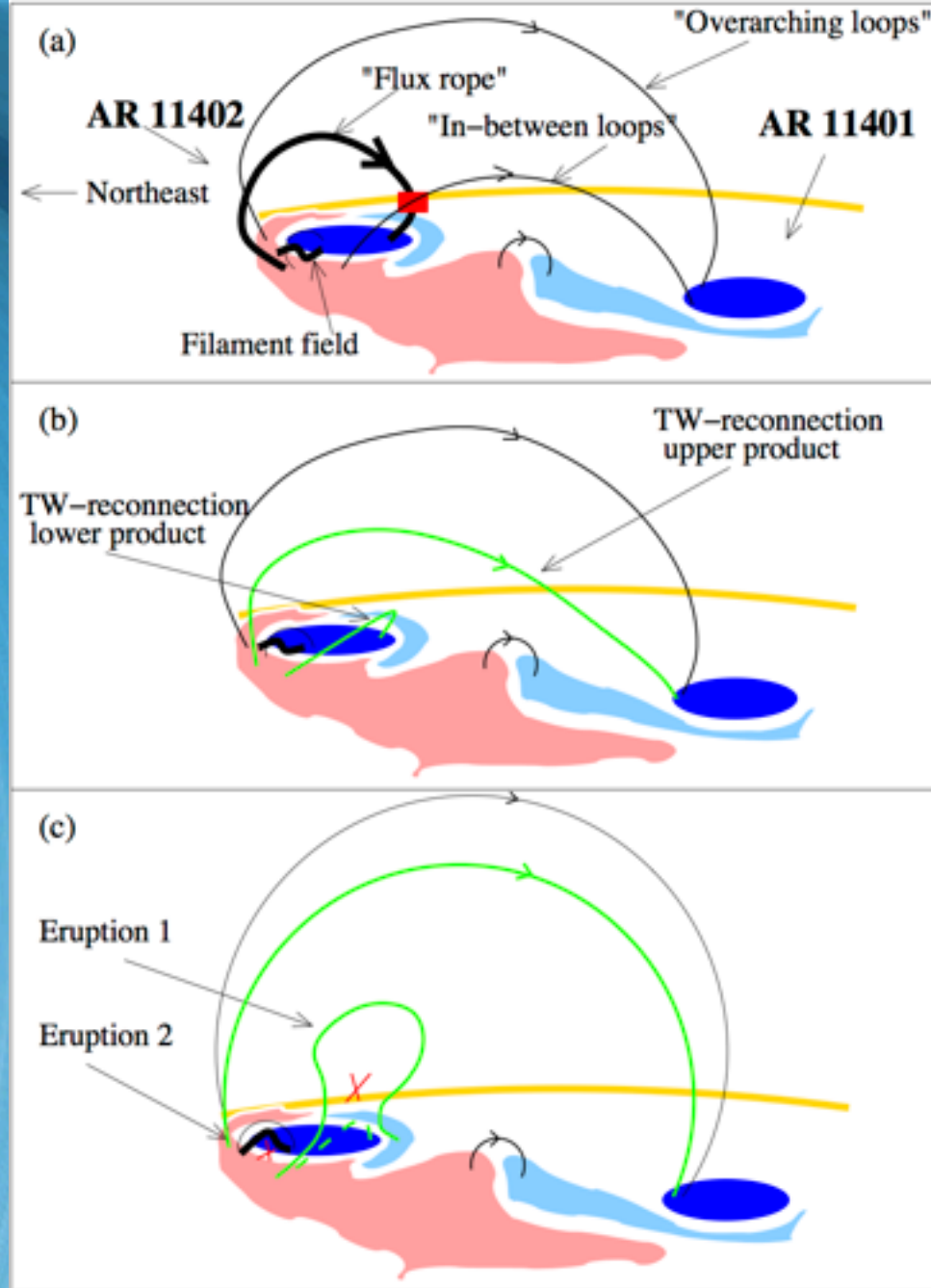
Our Focus: Overview of the eruption onset: Eruption dynamics and magnetic topology

- ♦ AIA: Adequate time cadence (145 s) and high spatial resolution (0".6 pixels).
- ♦ SDO/HMI line-of-sight magnetograms.
- ♦ On-disk from SDO; limb event from STEREO A.
- ♦ SDO/AIA, various filters (304, 171, **193**, 211, **131**, **335**, **94** Ang).
- ♦ Two distinct eruptions ("two flux ropes," Li & Zhang 2013, Cheng et al. 2013); Eruption 1 and Eruption 2.
- ♦ Eruption 2 includes eruption of a filament.

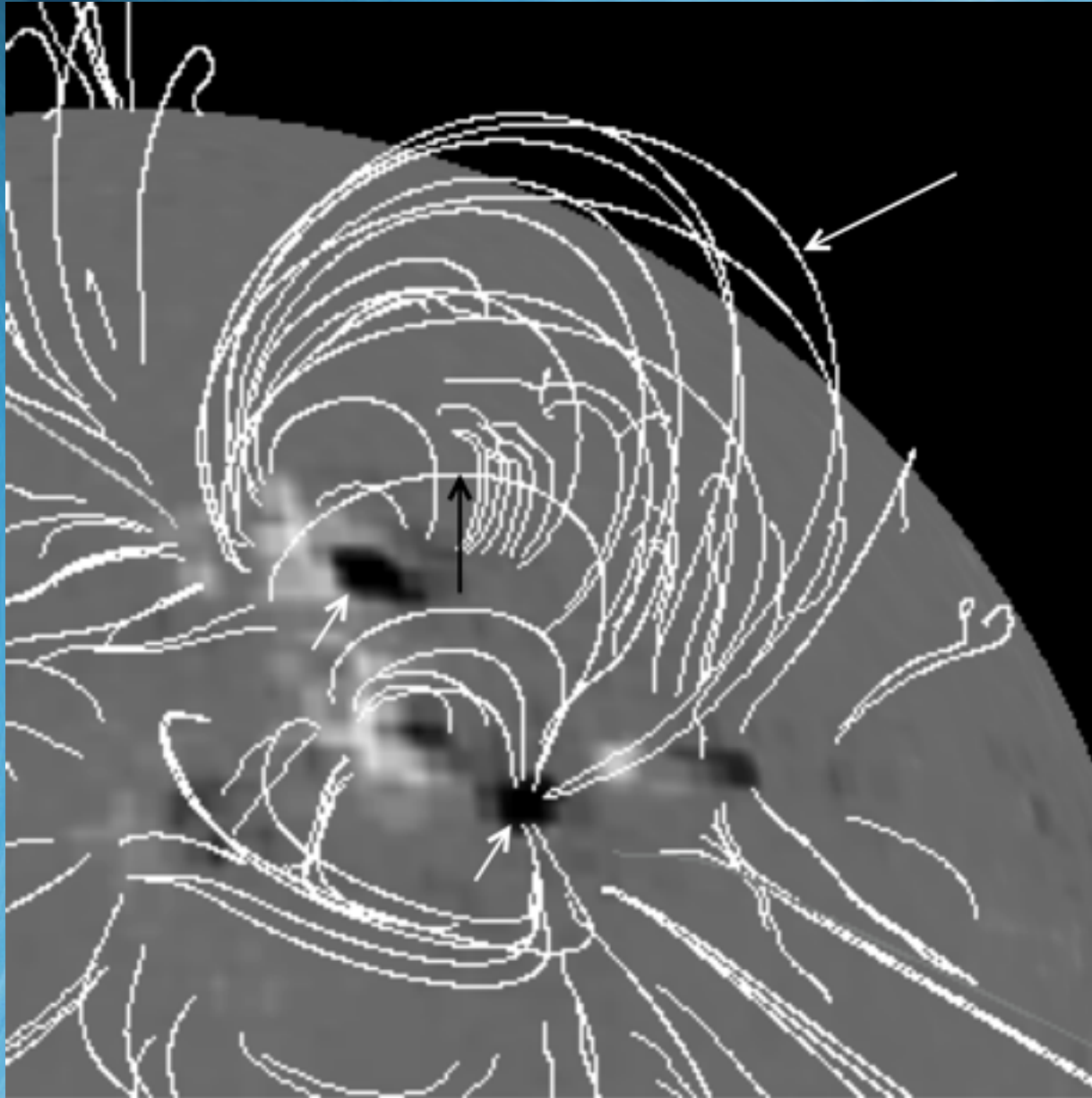


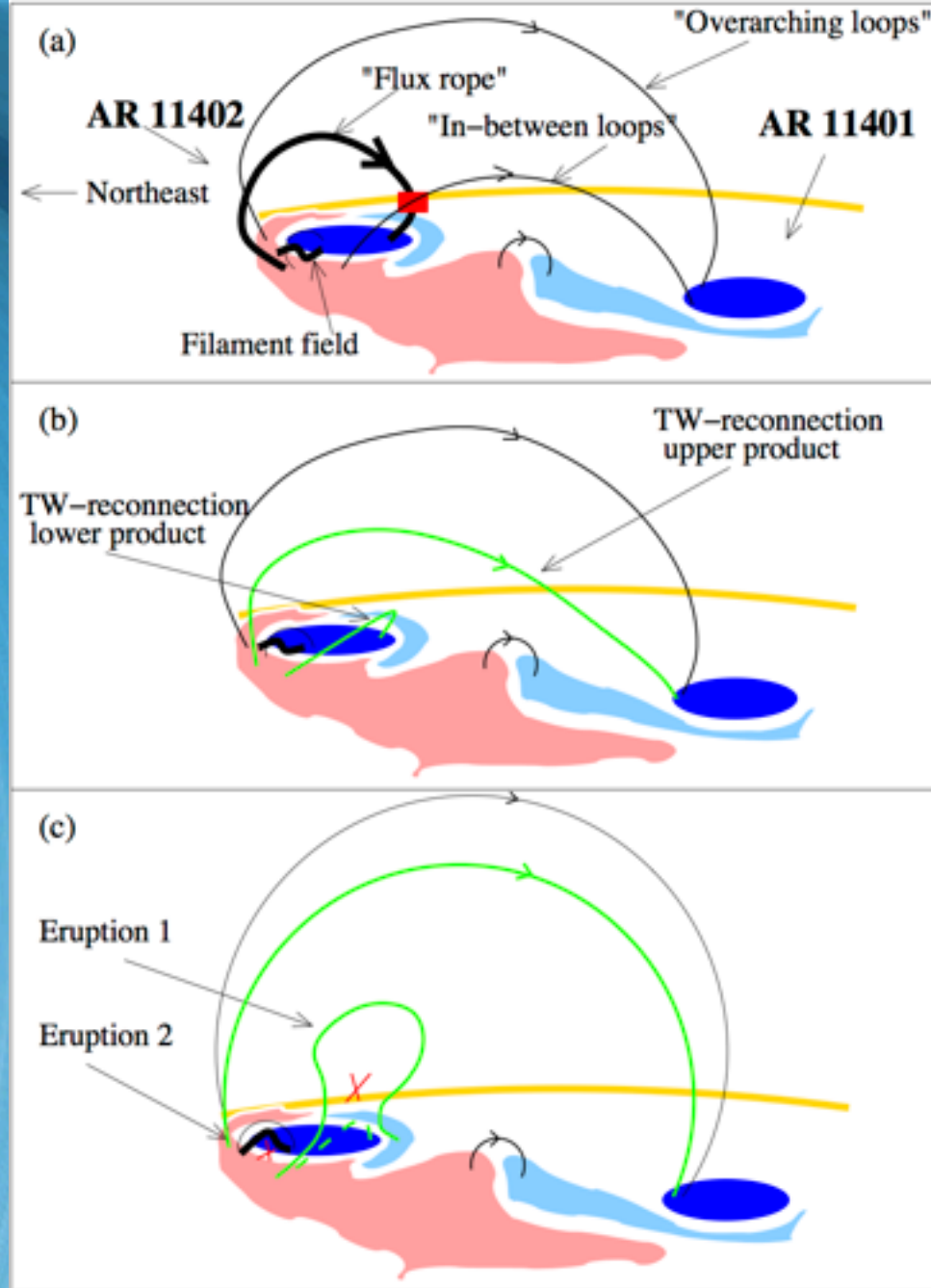






PFSS Model (Schrijver & DeRosa 2003)



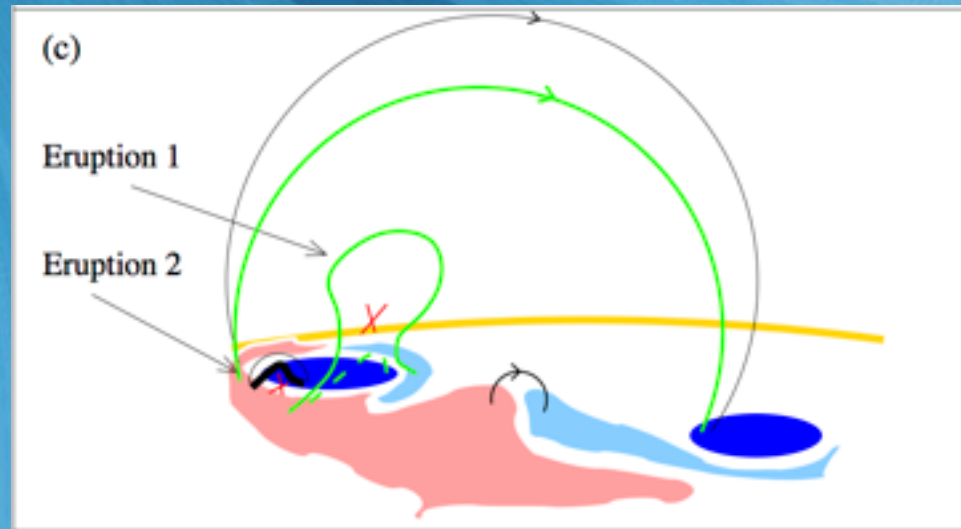


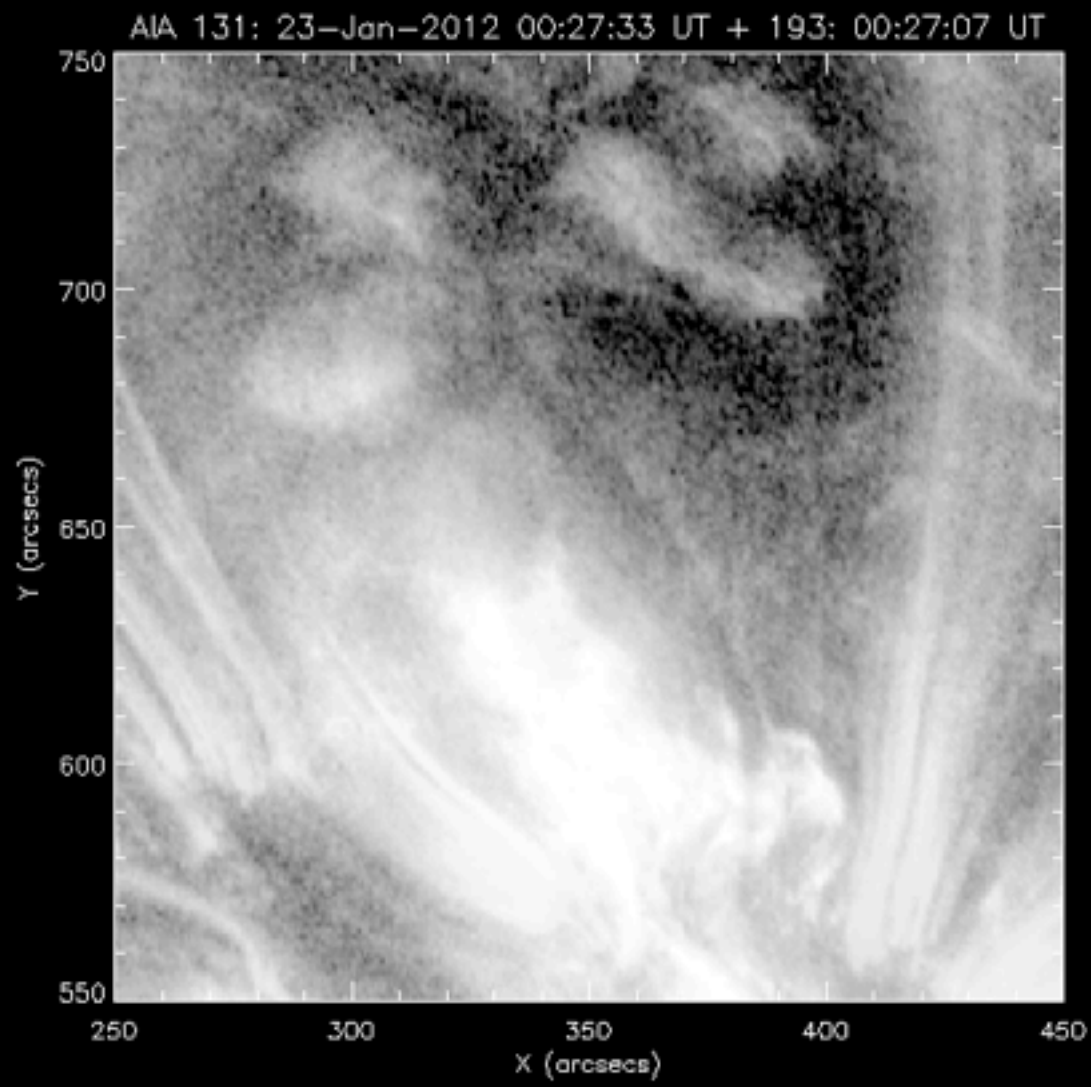
Eruption 2 Via “Lid Removal”

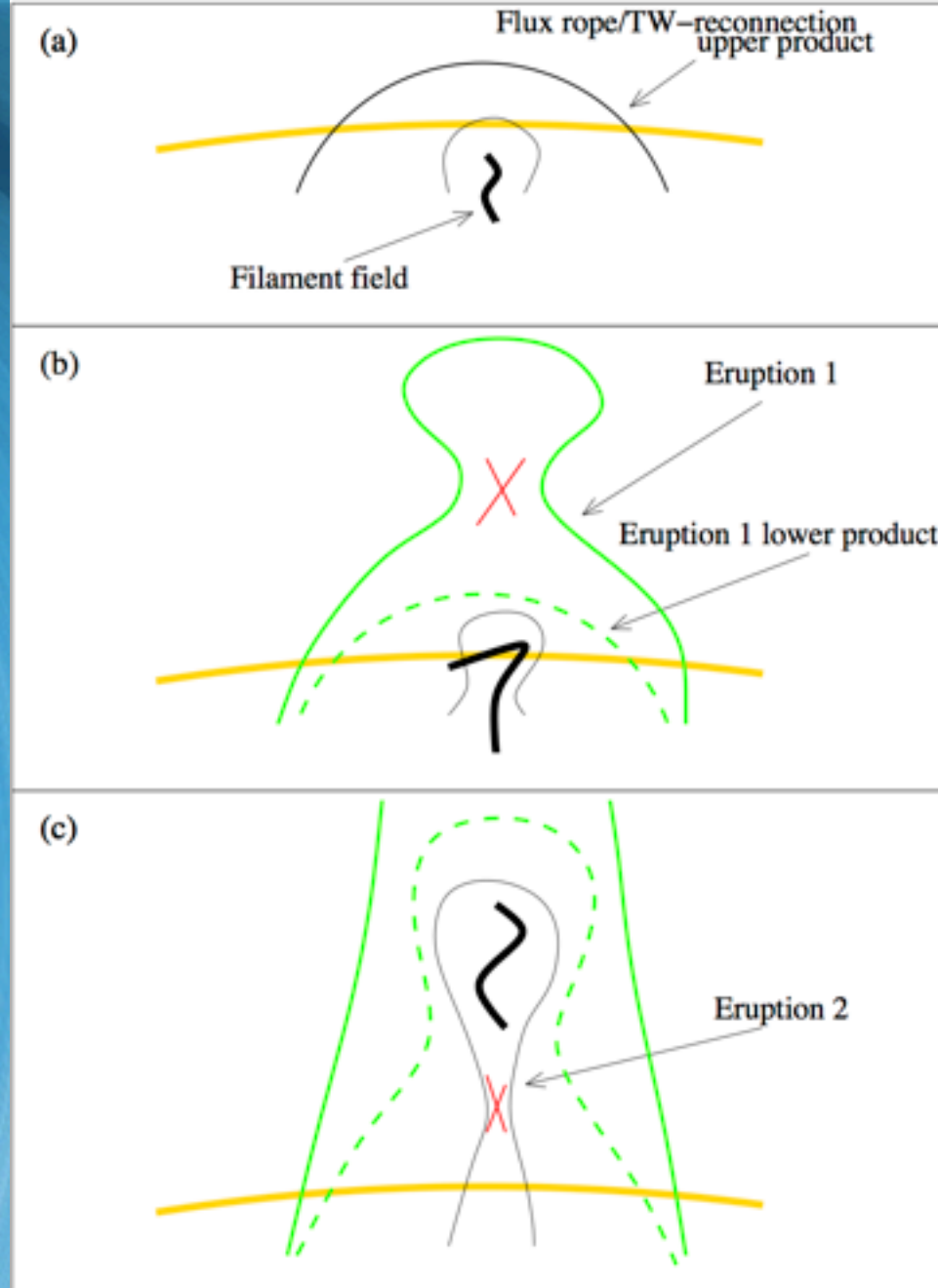
- ◆ Cheng et al. (2013) describe how Eruption 1 removes field above the Eruption 2 flux rope.
- ◆ They show B gradient with height is steep enough for Eruption 2 flux rope to be subject to torus instability, allowing its eruption. (Eruption due to ideal MHD instability.)
- ◆ We call their explanation for Eruption 2 (including filament) “lid removal.”
- ◆ Fundamentally different from eruption-trigger mechanisms we have examined (e.g., tether cutting, breakout...).
- ◆ Similar however to other observations/descriptions (e.g., Schrijver & Title 2011, Török et al. 2011).

Can Lid Removal Work with Eruption 1 Flare Arcade?

- Standard flare model => Eruption 1 flare loops should form over filament arcade, perhaps preventing Eruption 2 ("confined eruption"). (S. Antiochos 2013, private comm.)

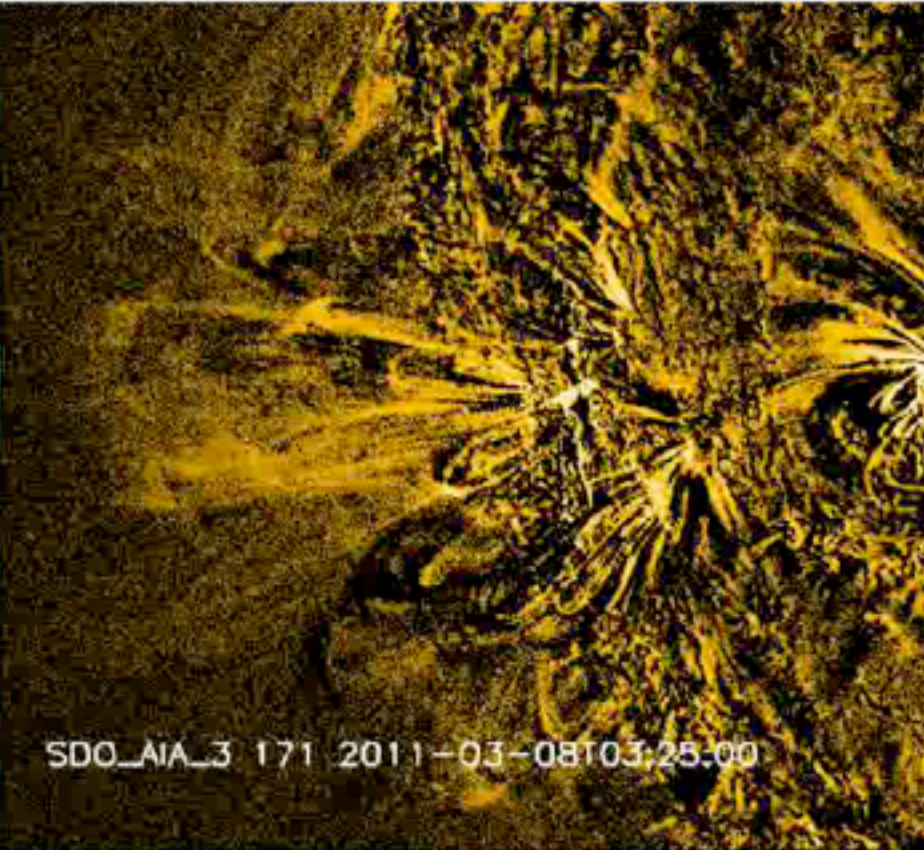
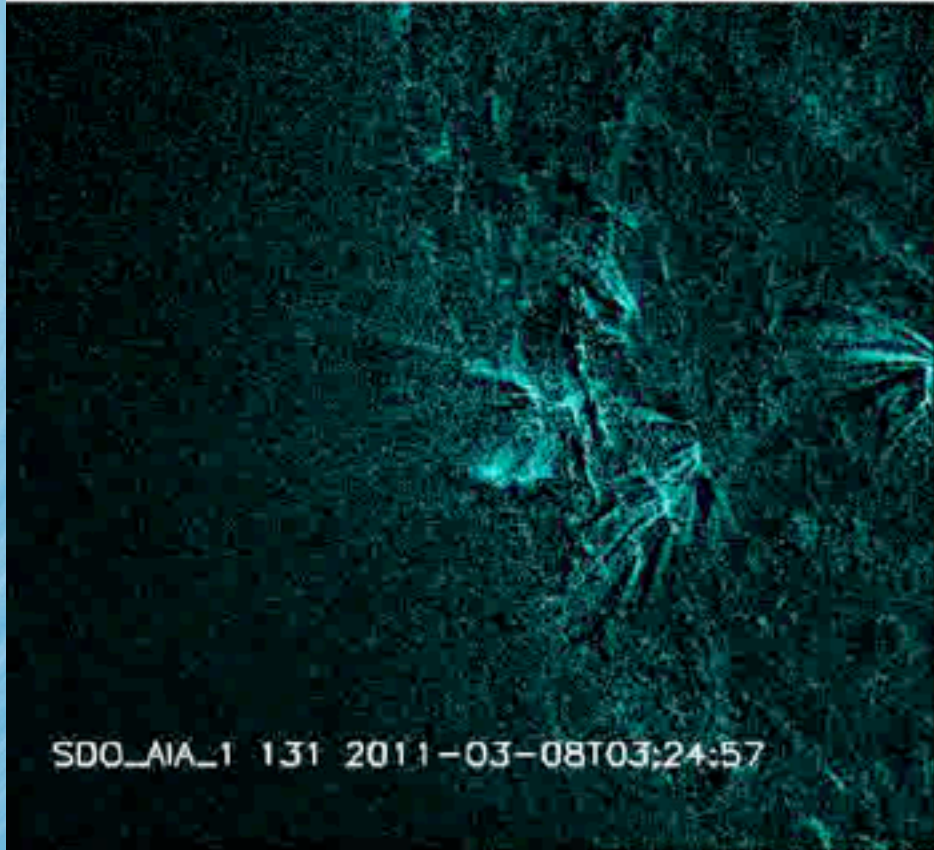
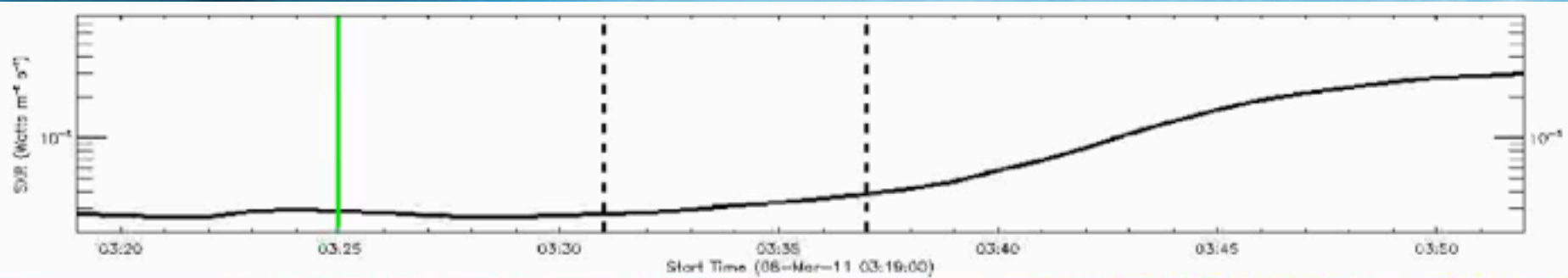






Science Summary: 2012 Jan 23 Event

- ♦ Two eruptions, with first only seen in AIA hot channels.
- ♦ Eruption 1 field reconnects with neighboring region, (“tether-weakening reconnection,” Moore et al. 1992).
- ♦ Eruption 1 removes field above filament arcade, leading to destabilization and onset of eruption 2; Lid Removal.
- ♦ Eruption 2 blows out Eruption 1 flare loops.
- ♦ Regarding SEPs: Double CMEs likely critical (e.g., Kahler 2001; Gopalswamy et al. 2002, 2003, 2004; Li et al. 2012). Effects on above points not yet known.
- ♦ Sterling et al. (2014) provide more details.



Zhang et al. (2012)

Important Points for L5 Mission

- ♦ Eruptions can “hide” in the hotter channels!
- ♦ Hot eruptions can be key to onset of violent eruptions, including SEP-producing eruptions.
- ♦ L5 EUV instruments should consider including at least one hot channel in its imaging arsenal.